ADICAL METHODS NECESSARY ONLY CURE FOR ROOTED

Review of the Consersitive Position in Utah Compared With the Conservative Position on the **Slavery Question**

estatement of the Arrogant Priestly Assumption of Control in All Things, and of the Bad Faith and Falsity of the Professions and **Protestations Made to Gain** Statehood

Address by Ogden Hiles, delivered before the American Club on Tuesday

of the United States do not profess any theological creed at all.

Of the 75,000,000 of people in the United States, by the census of 1900, less than 27,000,000 were professors of religious creeds.

But the prime, the all-controlling reason, is that the vast majority of the American people, whilst they at all times and on all occasions, treat the religious sentiment with respect are

of human reasoning on religious and sociological subjects in the history of our race, propounded and illustrated the law of the "Three States," which is, that in the progressive development of human intelligence, as it has been manifested in all directions, and through all times, it masses successively through all times, it masses successively through

times, it passes successively through three different theoretical conditions, namely, the theological, or fictitions; the metaphysical, or abstract; and the

the metaphysical, or abstract; and the last, which is its true definitive state, the scientific or positive.

The American people, in greater degree than any nation of ancient or modern times, has reached this positive stage, so that, whilst they are willing to listen to any one who attempts to give any rational explanation of the universe and of the great mysteries of life and death and of human origin and destiny, they have but little patience to listen to wormout theological doctrine, and when they are addressed by an alleged prophet or apostic, in the obscure

leged prophet or apostle, in the obscure diction, the absurd technique and gypsy jargon of an old Asiatic theology, you

may be sure, that they will give neither him nor his opinions nor his doctrines the cold respect of a passing glance.

The Utah Usurpation.

subject which the gentlemen of lenced by the voice of loud and gen-American club have done me the cral ridicule. This came to be so, be-cause the great majority of the people of the United States do not profess any this occasion is, methods in bringing about the re-s advocated by the American

answer to this question is celt, because it is easily found in ndical difference between Mormon-and Americanism. The difference ment and a positive polity of gov-ment and a positive polity of gov-ment is so profound, that between an there can be no comparison, and

blending.
In the days which are gone, there exed in the United States, recognized
its constitution, and laws, the instise of African slavery.

the constitution, and laws, the insti-tion of African slavery. Not only was it recognized by our actitution and laws, but it had be-use ingraised into the social and eco-sumic structure of nearly one-half of a States of the Union. Men who ad-pared radical methods for the represon and extinction of slavery showed the most conclusive arguments that is half slave and half-free; that there a an irrepressible conflict between very and freedom. Conservative with their conservative methods, ared that there could be com-mises whereby slavery and freedom d coxxist in the political, the in-trial and social fabric of the counthat the two systems could be ded by Constitutional compromises, which the people should come to again as being right that which public conscience and reason of

ion rejected as an offense buman nature. enounced, and defamed, and tra-as fanatics, and as slaves to rejudices. Then it was that the reserving conservatives, from hun-th of pulpits and platforms, stood to defend and prove the rightful-s of human sinvery; and to show, what they considered the most irable evidence that human slavery ountenanced, enjoined, recognized, puroved in the Bible of the Chris world. But not even the sanctions eged revelations could save slavery the sword of justice. No more, all the time serving rabble of con-porary political traders, and office-riers; nor the paid defenders of hu-atavism, nor the shallow outcries ged peacemakers, nor the sauc-f alleged divine revelation, save il Mormonism from the condem-of an enlightened public con-

Time Serving Defenders.

shall find plenty of orators now, ill apologize for, and defend sec-

Priests' False Pretenses.

The false pretenses by which this hierarchy got itself incorporated into the Union as a State, is no less manifest in their attitude toward the institution of polygamy, than is their conduct in respect of general polities. For the purpose of hoodwinking the government and people of the United States into granting them the powers of a state, they consented that the enabling act should require a provision, in the Constitution, denouncing and forbidding polygamy, and to the passage of statutes to carry the constitution into effect. But they did not intend to obey the law, nor permit its enforcement, otherwise than in the most perfunctory manner. This became immediately obvious, because the head of the Mormon church asserted in an interview that the manifesto of September 24, 1890, whereby the people were advised to discontinue the practice of polygamy was but temporary. In the interview, the chief priest explained the manifesto as follows:

"It was not wisdom for us to make war upon 65,000,000 people. The prophet (Joseph Smith) organized the

canism, and have tried to govern the secular affairs of the State. This is a controlling and eternal reason for the existence of the American party

Priests' False Pretenses.

"It was not wisdom for us to make war upon 65,000,000 people. The prophet (Joseph Smith) organized the church; and all that he has promised in the Code of Revelations (the 'Book of Doctrine and Covenants') has been fulfilled as fast as time would permit. That which is not fulfilled will be."

The Fraud Denounced.

The Fraud Denounced.

This language, by a fair construction of its terms, imports that the practice of polygamy was abandoned for the time being only, and "not because it is unlawful, but because we are likely to fare badly if we persist in a hostile attitude toward the law, in the eyes of 65,000,000 of people, determined on its enforcement; but at some more convenient season we shall fulfill the revelations by resuming the practice of that which is forbidden by man-made laws." This perfidy, this recreancy to piedges solemnly made, is a justification for the existence of the American party and for radical methods. It warrants a request for an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which shall enable the arm of Federal power to reach these men who it seems no coyenants can bind, and who fling sorn on that faith of man in man which holds the moral elements of the world together. I have said that had faith is characteristic of the conduct of these priests in their efforts to attain political power and evade the laws of the country. Is this a harsh criticism? I deny that it is so. Do you not well remember, and is it not an historical fact, that some years ago, when in the Territory of Idaho an effort was being made to enforce the test oath, whereby every person who, before he could vote, was required to take an oath that he did not belong to any organization which taught or practiced or upheld the practice of polygamy, that these perfidious priests gave a dispensation to members of the Mormon church whereby they were for the time being, and for the purpose of taking this oath, detruded from the church and stricken from its lists of membership? That is, I say, an historical fact; and the fact is typical of the punic faith and treason and disloyalty of this hierarchy in every step of its history. I declare before this assemblage of Americans, and before all men, that it is my belief that men who will do these things are unfit to exercise the elective franchise.

The Flimsy Excuses. This language, by a fair construction times and on all occasions, treat the religious sentiment with respect, are thoroughly imbued with the principles of positive philosophy, which for more than 300 years, or since the days of Bacon and Descartes, have marched with steady stride toward complete dominion over the human mind. The greatest thinker of the modern world in the latter half of the Nineteenth century, in an exposition of positive philosophy which must stand forever, not only as a perpetual memorial of his fame, but as the wisest, the most majestic example of human reasoning on religious and sociological subjects in the history of

The Flimsy Excuses.

If this be the way of the Lord, one uay well desire to be classed among hose who sit in the seat of the scornfind and who walk in the connects of the ungodly, and whose delight is not in the way of the Lord. The excuse as-signed for this perjury and deceit was the alleged severity of the test oath. But the law was no more severe than that which reactions that The Utah Usurpation.

It was the attempt of theologians to impose the principles of the Doctrine and Covenants on the government and people of Utah, which brought the Mormon priests and their followers in conflict with the Government of the United States throughout all the troubled days of the Territorial regime. Therefore, it was that these priests entered into a covenant with the Government of the United States that if then pending legislation looking to the entire disfranchisement of themselves and their followers were withdrawn and Utah should But the law was no more severe than that which requires that a man shall swear that he has never been engaged in a duel, and never has borne arms against the United States, which in past times has been enacted and enforced against other citizens of the United States. No law is severe which excludes the disloyal, or the anarchist, or the open defier of American law from the exercise of the elective franchise. In other countries these recolle would not the exercise of the elective franchise. In other countries these necole would not only be denied the elective franchise, but they would either be sent to jail or banished the realm. Not long ago some of the agents of this disloval organization found themselves in Germany, proclaiming, I suppose, the paramount authority of their sham kingdom over all the other kingdoms and governments of this world. The German government told them to go, and they went. Who shall say that the German government is not justified?

The Emperor William may well say to these emissaries of treason, "You may, chisement of themselves and their fol-lowers were withdrawn and Utah should be admitted into the Union as a State, the people should 'divide on party lines.' as the phrase was, and that polygamy and polygamous living should no longer be practiced as a religious tenet nor impulse on the people as a duty. It was under these conditions and on these stipulations that Utah was admitted into the Union. They were now in the Union, and fortified behind State lines, they were in many and most respects immune from the band of Fed-eral power. Therefore, in keeping with

Time-Serving Definders.

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In shall find plenty of orators now will apologic for, and defend on the standard of the shall find plenty of orators now will apologic for, and defend on the shall find plenty of orators now the shall find plenty of the shall find the shall find plenty of the shall find plenty of the shall find plenty of the shall find the shall find plenty of the shall find

tion of the party in the eyes of its best electorate, and the elevation to office of some recusant Gentiles; so that, in the somewhat coarse, but expressive, imag-ery of Burke, the party is exposed, like the sow of imperial augury, lying in the mud, with all the prodigies of her fertility around her, as evidence of her delicate amours delicate amours.

"Republican" Cowardice. The cowardice of the Republican or

The cowardice of the Republican organization was completely manifested by its treatment in the last State convention of the resolution offered by Mr. Harrington, which was:

'Be it further resolved, that the Republican party of the State of Utah hereby declares and affirms that it is opposed to the union of church and state, and it is also unalterably opposed to any high ecclesiast of any denomination whatsoever seeking and asking for political preferment and benefits of civil office, or unduly interfering with polities while he is holding said high ecclesiastical or church position; and for the future, and in order to promote tranquility, perfect equality and the best possible progress of the State, the Republican party will use its endeavors to enforce and maintain this principle.'

I am told that when Mr. Harrington offered this resolution he did not promote his own tranquility, because, forthwith, on the floor of the convention, he was charged by his Mormon co-religionists with the sin of apostasy for having offered such a resolution. I respectfully ask what man or woman of sense is there among you who does not see that a convention which would repudiate such a resolution as that is a Mormon convention, and not a Republican convention. Do you not see in the light of that event that there is a prime necessity for some political organization which shall assert the fundamental American principles embodied in that resolution, and which shall forever give to such principles its unwavering allegical I am told that when Mr. Harrington to such principles its unwavering alleg-iance? To this it seems to me there can be but one answer, unless the Americans of Utah shall resolve to sit supinely down and submit to that which must work ineradicable corruption in the public life of the State and blight

and mildew its prosperity. The Path of Duty. In the light of this history, and of these transactions, do you not see where your duty lies? Do you not see where your duty lies? Do you not see that this is not a battle for any man's personal gain or gratification? Do you not see that this is not, as some affect to believe, the Salt Lake Tribune's battle alone, but that it is for the general public good? Speaking of The Salt Lake Tribune, I declare it as my belief that its record is the most glorious of any paper in the United States. It had its origin in the patriotic feelings and impulses of the comparatively few Americans who lived here at the time of its foundation. From that time to this day it has always upheld the In the light of this history, and of

party equally, as when found in the party of its opponents. Whilst in its criticisms of those in public life, it may often have been mistaken, and somewhat overharsh, it has, taking it all in all, striven faithfully to achieve the noble ends and aims which gave it origin.

The Religious Sentiment.

The Religious Sentiment.

Now, my friends, in what I say tonight, in what I have ever said, I have not intended to treat the religious sentiment otherwise than with respect. The sentiment, considered in itself, seems to be inherent in the nature of man; and, if rightly understood and directed, its cultivation and endurance must, in the future, as in the past, conduce to human welfare, to human elevation, and refinement. Religious contemplation is a necessity of human existence, and is, therefore, a natural condition, and therefore beneficent. But a religion is not a creed. A creed is but the awkward annd disfiguring vestment in which the religious feelings and sentiments seek to find expression.

Man can not avoid reasoning on religious topics. The aim and purpose of life and morality, if alm and purpose there be, and the relation, if relation there can be, between ourselves and the Almighty Power which is manifested to us in the universe, must forever be the subject of contemplation and speculation. Indeed, it is the one great question with which philosophy in all ages has perplexed itself.

"Where wast thou, when I laid the

philosophy in all ages has perplexed itself.
"Where wast thou, when I laid the foundation of the earth? Declare, if thou hast understanding."

The Burden of the Mystery.

The Burden of the Mystery.

In every age and in every land the priest and the peasant, the soldier and the philosopher, has alike found himself unable to escape from the pressure of the burden of that mystery which demands an explanation. The easy and attractive facility with which some of the theologians explain those sublime mysteries are quite satisfying to people who will not take the trouble to use their thinkers. They take the easy way by surrendering their concerns spiritual, and sometimes the temporal, to the priest or prophet, who asserts a divine commission which he has not, and who affects to know and understand by revelation or otherwise, that which it is impossible for any man to understand. It surely requires but little time for a man of sense to comprehend that the Power which is manifested to us in a hundred million suns, hend that the Power which is manifested to us in a hundred million suns, with their attendant worlds, will not be disquicted whether a man be baptized by sprinkling or immersion, or whether the man shall be baptized at all. If those who are thus willing to submit to the government of humbug did not of necessity impose their notions of social and governmental polity onto Americans, the priest, and his dupes and coadjutors, might as well be left to their own devices. But when such methods are insisted upon in the government of an American State, in contravention of its Constitution, its statutes and institutions of government, there is but one way of its foundation. From that time to this day it has always upheld the flag. Whilst it has not always held to my view on all public questions, in all its history it has held high the standards of public and private virtue, and human self-respect. It has always condemned venality and faithlessness in public life, when found in its awn in which Americans can walk with

safety or self respect, and that seems to be under the banner of the Ameri-

A Menace to Pree Institutions.

The venerable senior United States Senator of Illinois, in a recent contribution to the North American Review, regarded political Mormonism as a menace to free institutions. I think the people of the United States generally do not regard it as a menace to the Republic, in the sense that slavery was, but rather as a trouble-some nuisance. It certainly is at least a nuisance when it attempts the government of States. But if it be a menace to American public life, which threatens the social welfare of the people, the greater still is your duty to walk, unafraid among the gods and fires of Moloch. For it is written in the economy of nature, that those who would be free must dare, and dare again, and dare forever. "That those only are of freedom, life deserving, who daily take them both by storm."

If you shall approach your duty in this spirit you may, always, without fear and without reproach, address the Mormon God in the words of the sublime Goethe: A Menace to Free Institutions.

Enveil thine heaven, Zeus, with vaporous And practice, like a boy beheading this-

sublime Goethe:

ties,
On oaks and mountain summits:
Tet must thou let my earth alone to stand.
And these, my dwellings, which thou didst not build,
And these, my flocks, for whose bright glow
Thou enviest me.

I know not aught more wretched Beneath the sun than you, ye Gods! Who mourishly piteously, With tax of sacrifice and reek of prayer; your glory Would starve, if children were not yet, and suppliants, So full of hope—and fools.

Golden Gato

When I was young, and knew not whence nor whither.

I used to turn my dazzled eyes to the sun.

As if above me were

An ear to listen to my crying.

A heart, like mine, to pity those op-press d.

Who sided me against the Titan's gance?
Who rescued me from death, from 'Tis thou alone hast wrought it all, the holy glowing heart.
Thou didet glow young and fresh, thought cheated: thanks for saving.
That slumbering one above.

Why should I honor thee? Hast thou e'er lighten'd the wees of the laden ones? Hast thou e'er dried the tears of the sor-rowful?

But Time the almighty. Fate, the ever-My Lords and thine.

all My blossom dreams bear fruit?

Here sit I forming menhood in my image A race resembling me, To sorrow, and to weep, To taste, to hold, to enjoy. And not take heed of thee. As I!

Her Chilly Retort.

The late Dr. — of Malden, after pouring forth the story of his undying love in the most touching manner for over an hour to a young woman who be hoped would become his fourth wife, was refused the second time.

He started for the door, but looking around he said in a most thunderous tone: "By heavens, you are the coldest woman I ever saw."

The young woman looked up and answered sweatly.

The young woman looked up and answered sweetly: "Oh no, doctor, you have seen three colder than I."—Boston Herald.

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